

NAAC REACCREDITED - 'A' GRADE

SIES College of Arts, Science and Commerce (Autonomous)

Affiliated to University of Mumbai

Syllabus under NEP effective from June 2024

Programme: B.Sc.

Subject: Information Technology

Core Course

Class: SYBSc(IT)

Semester : III and IV

Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) with effect from the academic year 2024-25

Semester III Core Course

This Core course is offered to students of BSc(IT) in Semester III, who have chosen Information Technology as Major & Minor subject

Name of Programme: Bachelor of Science Subject: Information Technology						
Class	Semester	Course Code	Course Name	No. of Lectures/ Practicals per week	Credits	Marks
SYBSc(IT)	III	SIUITMJ211	Python Programming - I	3L	3	75
SYBSc(IT)	III	SIUITMJP211	Python Programming - I Practical	1P per batch	1	25
P (Practical) = 2 Hours per week						

Course Name: Python Programming - I Credits: 3 Type: Theory

Expected Course Outcomes

- 1. Write programs using the conditional statements and loops in Python
- 2. Explain the importance of functions and apply various operations on strings in Python.
- 3. Classify the different data structures, lists, tuples, and dictionaries, in Python.

Pre-requisites:	Basics of Programming				
Unit I	Conditional Statement and Loops 15 Lectures				
	 Variables and Expressions: Values and Types, Variables, Variable Names and Keywords, Type conversion, Operators and Operands, Expressions, Interactive Mode and Script Mode, Order of Operations. Conditional Statements: if, if-else, nested if –else Looping: for, while, nested loops Control statements: Terminating loops, skipping specific conditions. 				
Unit II	Functions and Strings	15 Lectures			

	 Functions: Function Calls, Type Conversion Functions, Math Functions, Composition, Adding New Functions, Definitions and Uses, Flow of Execution, Parameters and Arguments, Variables and Parameters Are Local, Stack Diagrams, Fruitful Functions and Void Functions, Why Functions? Importing with from, Return Values, Incremental Development, Composition, Boolean Functions, More Recursion, Leap of Faith, Checking Types Strings: A String Is a Sequence, Traversal with a for Loop, String Slices, Strings Are Immutable, Searching, Looping and Counting, String Methods, The in Operator, String Comparison, String Operations 	
Unit III	Data Structures, Files and Exceptions	15 Lectures
	 Lists: Values and Accessing Elements, Lists are mutable, traversing a List, Deleting elements from List, Built-in List Operators, Concatenation, Repetition, In Operator, Built-in List functions and methods Tuples and Dictionaries: Tuples, Accessing values in Tuples, Tuple Assignment, Tuples as return values, Variable-length argument tuples, Basic tuples operations, Concatenation, Repetition, in Operator, Iteration, Built-in Tuple Functions Creating a Dictionary, Accessing Values in a dictionary, Updating Dictionary, Deleting Elements from Dictionary, Properties of Dictionary keys, Operations in Dictionary, Built-In Dictionary Functions, Built-in Dictionary Methods 	

Course Name: Python Programming – I Practical Credits: 1 Type: Practical

Expected Course Outcomes

- 1. Apply the use of if structure, loops and functions and execute them by writing programs.
- 2. Compare and Test the use of various data structures in Python.

Practical No.	Title
01	Write Python program to do the following: Use Function
	 a. Accept the name and age of the user. Print a message addressing the user the year they will turn 100 years old. For eg. If the name and age is entered as Nimith and 20, the o/p will be "Nimith, you will turn 100 in the year 2102" b. Accept 2 numbers from the user and swap the numbers, with and without using multiple assignment statement. For eg. If a=10 and b=20 before swapping then the o/p will be a=20 and b=10 after swapping. c. Generate Fibonacci series with 10 terms, with and without using multiple assignment statement. Output will be 0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34 d. Accept a number and Reverse the number, also check if it is a Palindrome, use return statement. For eg. If the i/p is 12345 then output will be 54321. Eg. for Palindrome say for i/p 1221 o/p is "1221 is a Palindrome", for i/p 1234 o/p "1234 is not a Palindrome" e. Accept a number and check if the given number is an Armstrong number or not. For eg. 153 = 13 + 53 + 33 f. Accept a number and check if the given number is a Strong number or not. For eg. 145 = 1! + 4! + 5!
	Accept a number. Write a recursive function to print the factorial of the number. For eg. $3! = 6$
02	Write Python program to do the following: Use String
	 a. Accept a string. Remove the characters at the odd index and print the original string and the transformed string. For eg. If original string S = "SIESASCS" the transformed string will be "SEAC" b. Accept a list of words and return the longest word and the length of the longest word. For eg. given a list L = ["Truth", "Determination", "Perseverance", "Freedom", "Faithful", "Courage", "Hope"] the o/p will be "Longest word is "Determination" and length is 13". c. Accept a comma separated sequence of words as input and print the words in sorted form (alphanumerically). For eg. i/p may be given as Truth, Determination, Perseverance, Freedom, and the o/p will be Determination, Freedom, Perseverance, Truth d. Count occurrences of a substring in a string. For eg. Given a string "Fear leads to anger; anger leads to hatred; hatred leads to conflict; conflict leads to suffering.", if requested to find the occurrences of the substring "hatred" the o/p should be 2. e. Reverse words in a string. For eg. Given a string "Don't take rest after your first victory

	because if you fail in second, more lips are waiting to say that your first victory was
	just luck." The o/p will be luck just was victory first your that say to waiting are lips
	more second, in fail you if because victory first your after rest take Don't
	f. A pangram is a sentence that contains all the letters of the English alphabet at least
	once, for example: The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. Write a program to
	check whether the given sentence is a pangram or not.
	g. Count repeated characters in a string. For eg. Given a string "I have stood on a mountain
	of no's for one yes" the o/p should be
	10
	o 8
	n 5
	a 3
	e 3
	s 3
	t 2
	f 2
	g. Convert a given string into a list of words. For eg. Given a string "If there is no struggle, there is no progress." The o/p will be ['If', 'there', 'is', 'no', 'struggle,', 'there', 'is', 'no', 'progress."
	b Count and display the count of yourses and the yourses in a given text. For ag. Given a
	string "When one door of happiness closes, another opens; but often we look so long at the closed door that we do not see the one which has been opened for us." The o/p should be count of vowels is 48 and the vowels are ['e', 'o', 'e', 'o', 'o', 'o', 'a', 'i', 'e', 'o',
	'e', 'a', 'o', 'e', 'o', 'e', 'u', 'o', 'e', 'e', 'o', 'o', 'o', 'o', 'a', 'e', 'o', 'e', 'o', 'o', 'a', 'e', 'o', 'o', 'e', 'e', 'e', 'o', 'e', 'i', 'a', 'e', 'e', 'o', 'e', 'o', 'u']
	Remove spaces from a given string. For eg. Given a string "Do one thing every day that scares you." The o/p will be Doonethingeverydaythatscaresyou.
03	Write the Python program to do the following: Use List
	a. Write a program that takes two lists and returns True if they have at least one common member and returns None if no common member is found. For eg. Given the 2 lists [1,2,3,4,5], [5,6,7,8,9] o/p will be True, given i/p [1,2,3,4,5], [6,7,8,9] the o/p will be None
	 b. Write a program to print a specified list after removing the 1st, 2nd, 5th elements. For eg. Given the list ['Action', 'Believe', 'Commitment', 'Confidence', 'Dare', 'Focus'] o/p will be ['Action', 'Commitment', 'Dare'] Write a programs to print the Eibonacci series.
	c. Accept a list from the user. Write a program to get the largest and smallest number in the list
	d Write a program to count the number of strings where the string length is 2 or more and
	the first and last character are same from a given list of strings. For eg. Given the list
	e Write a program to shuffle and print a specified list. For e.g. Given the list ['Action'
	'Believe', 'Commitment', 'Confidence', 'Dare', 'Focus'] o/p will be ['Commitment', 'Focus', 'Action', 'Believe', 'Dare', 'Confidence']
	Write a program to select an item randomly from a list. Given the list ['Action', 'Believe', 'Commitment', 'Confidence', 'Dare', 'Focus'] o/p will be ['Commitment'] (Note :user has no control over the choice)

04	Write the program to do the following: Use Tuple
	 a. Write a program to convert the given list to a tuple. For eg. Given the list [45, 23, 67, 12, 7, 99] o/p will be (45, 23, 67, 12, 7, 99). b. Write a program to calculate the product of all the numbers in a given tuple. For eg. Given the tuple (45, 23, 22, 2, -16, 19) the o/p will be -13844160 c. Print all pair combinations of given 2 tuples. For eg. Given tuple 1 : (1, 3) and tuple 2 : (4, 9) the o/p , the combined tuple will be : [(1, 4), (1, 9), (3, 4), (3, 9), (4, 1), (4, 3), (9, 1), (9, 3)]
	Test if tuple is distinct. For eg. Given tuple : (13, 54, 95, 76, 11, 54) o/p will be False, given tuple : (13, 54, 95, 76, 11, 584) o/p will be True
05	Write the program to do the following: Use Dictionary
	a. Write a Python script to sort (ascending and descending) a dictionary by key and by value. For eg. Given the dictionary
	$\{1:2, 3:4, 4:3, 2:0, 0:0\}$
	o/p will be
	Original Dictionary : {1: 2, 3: 4, 4: 3, 2: 0, 0: 0}
	Ascending order by Value : {2: 0, 0: 0, 1: 2, 4: 3, 3: 4}
	Descending order by Value : {3: 4, 4: 3, 1: 2, 2: 0, 0: 0}
	Ascending order by Key : {0: 0, 1: 2, 2: 0, 3: 4, 4: 3}
	Descending order by Key : {4: 3, 3: 4, 2: 0, 1: 2, 0: 0}
	b. Create grade calculator. For eg. Given the dictionaries
	# 1. Trusha's dictionary
	trusha = { "name":"Trusha Salian",
	"assignment" : [90, 90, 90, 90],
	"test" : [95, 95], "lab" : [90.10, 90.10]}
	# 2. Chrishanth's dictionary
	chrishanth = { "name":"Chrishant Lukshmanraj",
	"assignment" : [82, 76, 48, 50],
	"test" : [90, 90], "lab" : [66.30, 66.42] }
	o/p will be
	Trusha Salian

Average marks of Trusha Salian is : 93.52 Grade of Trusha Salian is : A
Chrishant Lukshmanraj
Average marks of Chrishant Lukshmanraj is : 82.672
Grade of Chrishant Lukshmanraj is : B
Write a Python script to print a dictionary where the keys are numbers between 1 and 15 (both included) and the values are square of keys. The o/p will be {1: 1, 2: 4, 3: 9, 4: 16, 5: 25, 6: 36, 7: 49, 8: 64, 9: 81, 10: 100, 11: 121, 12: 144, 13: 169, 14: 196, 15: 225}

References

- 1. Think Python by Allen Downey, Published by O'Reilly, 2nd Edition, 2015
- An Introduction to Computer Science using Python 3, by Gries, Paul, Campbell, Jennifer, Montojo, Jason, SPD Publications, 1st Edition 2014 <u>https://www.python.org/</u>

I) Continuous Internal Evaluation (25 Marks)				
Class Test	10 Marks			
Assignment/ Project and Viva/ Presentation	15 Marks			
II) Theory Examination (50 Marks)				
-Semester End Examination based on entire syllabus	50 Marks			
III) Practical Examination (25 Marks)				
Certified Journal	5 Marks			
Viva Voce	5 Marks			
Practical exam	15 Marks			

Semester III Core Course

This Core course is offered to students of BSc(IT) in Semester III, who have chosen Information Technology as Major & Minor subject

Name of Programme: Bachelor of ScienceSubject: Information Technology						
Class	Semester	Course Code	Course Name	No. of Lectures/ Practicals per week	Credits	Marks
SYBSc(IT)	III	SIUITMJ212	Database Management Systems - I	3L	3	75
SYBSc(IT)	III	SIUITMJP212	Database Management Systems - I Practical	1P per batch	1	25
P (Practical)	= 2 Hours p	er week				

Course Name: Database Management Systems - I					
Credits: 3 Type: Theory					
	Expected Course Outcomes				
On completion of 1. Examine for data r 2. Explain concurre 3. Use SQL	of this course, students will be able to and conceptualize data using the relational model and create Entity Relati- nodels. the ACID properties of transactions, different types scheduling in transac- ency control in DBMS. to create, manage the database objects in the database and retrieve data free	onship diagrams ctions, om the database.			
Unit I	Introduction to Databases and Transactions What is database system, purpose of database system, view of data, relational databases, database architecture, transaction management	15 Lectures			
	Data Models The importance of data models, Basic building blocks, Business rules				
	Database Design, ER Diagram Database design and ER Model: overview, ER Model, Constraints, ER Diagrams, ERD Issues, weak entity sets.				
Unit II	Relational database model: Logical view of data, keys, integrity rules, Relational Database design: features of good relational database design, atomic domain and Normalization (1NF, 2NF, 3NF, BCNF) with cases. Transaction management and Concurrency	15 Lectures			
	Control Transaction management: ACID properties,				

	serializability and concurrency control, Lock based concurrency control (2PL, Deadlocks), Time stamping methods, optimistic methods, database recovery management.	
Unit III	SQL: Introduction, Relational Databases, SQL Basics, Simple Queries : SELECT statement, WHERE clause, Search conditions in a WHERE clause, Multitable Queries, Summary Queries: Column functions, Grouped Queries, Group Search Conditions SQL : Subqueries: Using subqueries, Subquery search conditions, subqueries and joins, Nested subqueries, Correlated subqueries, Creating Database :Create, Alter Drop statements, Database Updates : Insert, Update ,Delete statements, Data Integrity, Views, SQL Security	15 Lectures

Course Name: Database Management Systems - I Practical Credits: 1 Type : Practical

Expected Course Outcomes

On completion of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Write SQL queries to create and manage table structures and their data
- 2. Implement joins, aggregations, subqueries using SQL
- 3. Use SET operators, advanced group by queries and hierarchical queries in SQL

Practical No.	Title
1.	SQL Statements – 1
	a. Writing Basic SQL SELECT Statements
	b. Restricting Data – WHERE clause
	c. Sorting Data – ORDER BY clause
2.	SQL Statements – 2
	a. Displaying Data from Multiple Tables – Equi joins, Self joins, Outer joins
	b. Summary Functions and Group BY clause
	c. Subqueries
3.	Creating and Managing Tables
	a. Creating and Managing Tables : Use CREATE, ALTER DROP statements to
	create a set of tables that form a part of a database.(Handle Referential Cyles)
	b. Including Constraints : Primary key, foreign key, Not null, Check
4.	Manipulating Data
	Using INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE statement to insert rows, update rows and
	delete rows in the tables created in practical 3 (Handle referential cycles)
5.	Creating and Managing other database objects
	a. Creating Views: Create view, with check option
	b. Creating Sequences, Synonyms, Index
6	Using SET operators CROUP BV clause (advanced features) biorarchical
0.	retrieval
	a. Using SET Operators
	b. Enhancements to the GROUP BY Clause like Roll Up, Cube, Grouping Sets.
	c. Hierarchical retrieval queries

References

- 1. Database System and Concepts by A Silberschatz, H Korth, S Sudarshan, McGraw-Hill, 5th ed.
- 2. Database Systems by Rob Coronel, Cengage Learning, 12th ed.
- 3. SQL The Complete Reference by Paul Weinberg, James Groff, Andrew Oppel, McGraw-Hill, 3rd ed.
- 4. Introduction to Database System by C.J.Date, Pearson,1st ed.

I) Continuous Internal Evaluation (25 Marks)	
Class Test	10 Marks
Assignment/ Project and Viva/ Presentation	15 Marks
II) Theory Examination (50 Marks)	
Semester End Examination based on entire syllabus50 Mark	
III) Practical Examination (25 Marks)	
Certified Journal	5 marks
Viva Voce	5 marks
Practical exam	15 marks

Semester III Core Course

This Core course is offered to students of BSc(IT) in Semester III, who have chosen Information Technology as Major & Minor subject

Name of Programme: Bachelor of Science			Subject: Inf	ormation Tec	hnology	
Class	Semester	Course Code	Course Name	No. of Lectures/ Practicals per week	Credits	Marks
SYBSc(IT)	III	SIUITMN211	Embedded Systems	3L	3	75
SYBSc(IT)	III	SIUITMNP211	Embedded Systems Practical	1P per batch	1	25
P(Practical) = 2 Hours per week						

Course Name: Embedded Systems – I

Credits: 3 Type: Theory

Expected Course Outcomes

- 1. Understand the organization and design of the 8051 microcontroller-based embedded systems.
- 2. Interface the input/output devices and the communication devices with the microcontroller.
- 3. Programme the microcontroller using embedded C language.

Pre-requisites:	Basics of C language	
Unit I	Introduction to Embedded Systems, Sensors and Actuators	15 Lectures
	Introduction;	·
	• Embedded systems vs. General computing systems, Micro	oprocessor vs.
	Microcontroller	
	Harvard vs. Von- Neumann processor/controller Architec	ture
	RISC vs. CISC controller/Processor	
	• Digital signal processor (DSP)	
	Sensors and Actuators:	
	Light Emitting Diode	
	• 7-Segment LED display,	
	• Optocoupler,	
	• Stepper motor,	
	• Piezo buzzer,	
	• Keyboard, etc.	

	Memory:	
	• Program storage memory (ROM)	
	• Read/Write Memory (RAM).	
Unit II	Communication Interface and Designing Embedded	15 Lectures
	systems with 8051 microcontrollers	
	Communication Interface:	
	On-board communication interfaces	
	 External communication interfaces 	
	Designing Embedded systems with 8051 microcontrollers	S:
	8-Bit Microcontroller	
	Architecture	
	Instruction Set and Programming	
	Programming Parallel Ports	
	Timers and Serial Port	
	Registers, SFR Registers Interrupt Handling	
		151
Unit III	8051 programming in C	15 Lectures
	• Data types and time delay	
	• I/O Programming	
	• Logic operations	
	Data conversion programs	
	• Data serialization	
	• Programming 8051 timers	
	Counter programming	
	Accessing code ROM space	
	• Integrated Development Environment(IDE)	
	• Assembling/Compiling and Execution	

Course Name: Embedded Systems Practical				
	Credits: 1 Type : Practical			
	Expected Course Outcomes			
On completio	n of this course, students will be able to			
1. Prog	ramme a microcomputer to meet the requirements of the user.			
2. Inter	face various peripherals and handle interrupts.			
Practical	Title			
No.				
01	Introduction to Keil micro vision software			
02	Program to store data in the Accumulator			
03	Program to send values 00-ff to port 1			
04	Program to toggle all the bits of P1 continuously			
05	Program to create square/sine/triangular waves for 1ms delay.			
06	Program to send data serially.			
07	Program to simulate the binary counter.			
08	Creating delay using four different timer modes.			
09	Program to convert the hex to decimal and display digits on the ports.			
10	Program to simulate stepper motor using Proteus.			

References

- 1. Introduction to embedded systems by Shibu K V, Tata McgrawHill, 2012.
- 2. The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems by Muhammad Ali Mazidi, Pearson 2011

I) Continuous Internal Evaluation (25 Marks)	
Class Test	10 Marks
Assignment/ Project and Viva/ Presentation	15 Marks
II) Theory Examination (50 Marks)	
Semester End Examination based on entire syllabus50 Mark	
III) Practical Examination (25 Marks)	
Certified Journal	5 marks
Viva Voce	5 marks
Practical exam	15 marks

Semester IV

Core Course

This Core course is offered to students of BSc(IT) in Semester IV, who have chosen Information Technology as Major & Minor subject

Name of Programme: Bachelor of Science Subject: Information Technology						
Class	Semester	Course Code	Course Name	No. of Lectures/ Practicals per week	Credits	Marks
SYBSc(IT)	III	SIUITMJ221	Python Programming - II	3L	3	75
SYBSc(IT)	III	SIUITMJP221	Python Programming - II Practical	2P per batch	1	25
P (Practical) = 2 Hours per week						

Course Name: Python Programming - II Credits: 3 Type: Theory

Expected Course Outcomes

- 1. Write programs using files and Exceptions in Python.
- 2. Find the various patterns in any text matter using Regular expressions in Python.
- 3. Examine the power of Object Oriented Programming using Python.
- 4. Illustrate GUI in Python and use MYSQL data in Python interface.

Pre-requisites:	Basics of Programming	
Unit I	Files, Exceptions, Regular Expressions, Modules	15 Lectures
	• Files: Text Files, The File Object Attributes, Directories	
	• Exceptions: Built-in Exceptions, Handling Exceptions, Exception	
	with Arguments, User-defined Exceptions	
	 Regular Expressions – Concept of regular expression, various 	
	types of regular expressions, using match function	
	• Modules: Importing module, Creating and exploring modules,	
	Math module, Random module, Time module	
Unit II	Classes	15 Lectures
	Classes and Objects: Overview of OOP (Object Oriented	
	Programming), Class Definition, Creating Objects, Instances as	
	Arguments, Instances as return values, Built-in Class Attributes,	
	Inheritance, Method Overriding, Data Encapsulation, Data Hiding	

Unit III	GUI, MYSQL Database	15 Lectures
	 Creating the GUI Form and Adding Widgets: Widgets: Button, Canvas, Check button, Entry, Frame, Label, Listbox, Menu button, Menu, Message, Radio button, Scale, Scrollbar, text, Top level, Spinbox, Paned Window, LabelFrame, Messagebox. Handling Standard attributes and Properties of Widgets. Layout Management: Designing GUI applications with proper Layout Management features. Look and Feel Customization: Enhancing Look and Feel of GUI using different appearances of widgets. Data in Our MySQL Database via Our GUI: Connecting to a MySQL database from Python, Configuring the MySQL connection, Designing the Python GUI database, using the INSERT command, using the UPDATE command, using the DELETE command, Storing and retrieving data from MySQL database. 	

Course Name: Python Programming – II Practical Credits: 1 Type: Practical

Expected Course Outcomes

- 1. Apply the use of files, modules, exceptions and execute them by writing programs.
- 2. Test the power of Object Oriented Programming.
- 3. Design a GUI and store and retrieve data from MYSQL database

Practical No.	Title
01	Write the program to do the following: Use Filei. Write a program to read an entire text fileii. Write a program to append text to a file and display the text.Write a program to read last n lines of a file.
02	 Write the program to do the following: Use Class a. Create a class named Parent with constructor to initialise firstname and lastname and a method to display the same. Derive a class Child from Parent, add a constructor here to initialise the age and Adhaar Card number and a method to display the same. Derive a class GrandChild from Child, add a constructor here to initialise the address and PAN Card number and a method to display the same. Write a driver code to implement Multileval Inheritance
	A polygon is a closed figure with 3 or more sides. Create a class called Polygon with data attributes to store the number of sides n and magnitude of each side as a list called sides. Add 2 methods, inputSides() method that takes in the magnitude of each side and a method dispSides() displays these side lengths. A square is a polygon with 4 sides. Create a class called square which inherits from Polygon. Define a method findAreaofsquare() to find and print the area of the square. Write a driver code to implement the above.
03	Write the program to do the following:
	 a. Create a user defined module stropersodfib . Import the same in a Python (.py) code and use the functions defined in that user defined module and for the following: Check for Prime number Check for Perfect number Find the sum of the digits of a given number Print the Series 1, 20, 400, 8000, 160000 up to 10 terms. Use user defined modules.
	 b. Accept the string "We God's creation! Worried about imperfection. Why lot of confusion? Which ends up in tension! Unable to pay attention? You are the one in control of the situation. Find a solution." as data. Print the words ending in "tion" Print the words starting with 'W or a' and count the same Count the number of lines in the string Count the number of words ending in "tion" and not ending in "tion" Use regular expressions.

	Write a program to implement exception handling. Demonstrate use of ZeroDivisionError and a user defined exception (a variable is uninitialized and is been used in the code , this should raise an exception say 'Variable not initialize'').
04	Write the program for the following: Use Widget Demonstrate the use of the different Widgets say Label, Button, ComBox, CheckButton, PadioButton, Entry, Frame, Massage in Python tkinter
	Kadiobutton, End y, Franc, Wessage in Fython tkinter.
05	Design the database applications for the following:
	Create a database Student in SQL Server.
	Create a table Sdetails with columns Sid, Sname, Sage, Spnrnumber and Sdept . Sid is the Primary key of the table.
	Create a table Department with columns Deptid and Deptname. Deptid is the Primary key of the table.
	Sdept column in Sdetails table is the Foreign key whose values are derived from the Primary key column Deptid in Department table.
	Insert values into both the tables.
	Update values in the rows of the tables.
	Delete rows in the tables.

References

- 1. Python GUI Programming Cookbook by Burkhard A. Meier, Packt Publications, 2015
- 2. <u>https://www.python.org/</u>

I) Continuous Internal Evaluation (25 Marks)		
Class Test	10 Marks	
Assignment/ Project and Viva/ Presentation 15 Marks		
II) Theory Examination (50 Marks)		
Semester End Examination based on entire syllabus50 Marks		
III) Practical Examination (25 Marks)		
Certified Journal 5 Marks		
Viva Voce5 Marks		
Practical exam 15 Marks		

Semester IV Core Course

This Core course is offered to students of BSc(IT) in Semester IV, who have chosen Information Technology as Major & Minor subject

Name of Programme: Bachelor of Science		e Subject:	Information Tec	hnology		
Class	Semester	Course Code	Course Name	No. of Lectures/ Practicals per week	Credits	Marks
SYBSc(IT)	IV	SIUITMJ222	Database Management Systems - II	3L	3	75
SYBSc(IT)	IV	SIUITMJP222	Database Management Systems - II Practical	1P per batch	1	25
P(Practical) = 2 Hours per week						

	Course Name: Database Management Systems - I	
	Credits: 3 Type: Theory	
	Expected Course Outcomes	
On completion	of this course, students will be able to	
 Descril Use lo Design 	be variables and executable statements in PL/SQL. pops, cursors, exceptions in PL/SQL. n and examine procedures, functions and triggers in PL/SQL.	
-		
Unit I PJ Ba Ty PU BJ Wi	L-SQL: Overview of PL/SQL: About PL/SQL, Environment, enefits, Declaring Variables: PL/SQL Block Structure, Block ypes, Handling variables, Declaring variables, %TYPE, UT_LINE procedure, Writing Executable Statements: PL/SQL lock syntax, Identifiers, Comments, Scope, Operators, Interacting ith Oracle Server : SQL statements in PL/SQL, Naming	15 Lectures
Co	onventions, SQL Cursor and its attributes	
Unit II PI CA D3 ,II cr R6 U3	L-SQL: Writing Control Structures : Conditional IF statements, ASE expressions, LOOP statements, Working with Composite patatypes: PL/SQL Records, %ROWTYPE, INDEX BY Table NDEX BY Table of Records, Writing Explicit Cursors : Steps to reate and use explicit cursors, Explicit cursor attributes, Cursors and ecords, Cursor For Loops, Handling Exceptions: Pre-defined, fser-defined, RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR,	15 Lectures
Unit III P	rocedures : What is a procedure, syntax, modes, removing a	15 Lectures
pr	rocedure, Functions: What is a function, syntax, executing	

functions, removing a function, Comparing procedures and	
functions, Packages: What are packages, components, creating a	
package, removing a package, Advantages, Triggers: What is a	
trigger, types, guidelines for designing triggers, Statement and Row	
triggers, Creation and use of DML triggers. Using conditional	
Predicates, Using OLD and NEW Qualifiers, Removing a Trigger.	

Course Name:	Database Management Systems - II Practic	
	Credits: 1	Type : Practical

Expected Course Outcomes

- 1. Use variables and executable statements in PL/SQL.
- 2. Use loops, cursors, exceptions in PL/SQL.
- 3. Design and examine procedures, functions and triggers in PL/SQL.

Practical No.	Title
1.	PL/SQL Basics and Loops
	a. Declaring Variables and Executing SQL statements in PL/SQL
	b. Writing Control Structures- Loops
2.	Composite data types and cursors
	a. Working with Composite Data Types – RECORD, INDEX BY
	b. Writing Explicit Cursors and CURSOR for loops
3.	Procedures and Functions
4.	Exceptions and Packages
5.	Triggers

References		
1.	Introduction to Oracle9i: PL/SQL:Volume I & II by Oracle.	
2.	Programming with PL/SQL for Beginners by H. Dand, R. Patil and T. Sambare, X-	

- Frogramming with PL/SQL for Beginners by H. Dand, K. Path and T. Sambare, X Team,1st ed.
 Computer Structure and St
- 3. Oracle PL/SQL Programming by Steven Feuerstein,O'Reilly,6th ed.

I) Continuous Internal Evaluation (25 Marks)	
Class Test	10 Marks
Assignment/ Project and Viva/ Presentation	15 Marks
II) Theory Examination (50 Marks)	
Semester End Examination based on entire syllabus	50 Marks
III) Practical Examination (25 Marks)	
Certified Journal	5 marks
Viva Voce	5 marks
Practical exam	15 marks

Semester IV Core Course

This Core course is offered to students of BSc(IT) in Semester IV, who have chosen Information Technology as Major & Minor subject

Name of Programme: Bachelor of Science		Subject: Information Technology				
Class	Semester	Course Code	Course	No. of	Credits	Marks
			Name	Lectures/		
				Practicals		
				per week		
SYBSc(IT)	IV	SIUITMN221	Computer	3L	3	75
			Oriented			
			Statistical			
			Techniques			
SYBSc(IT)	IV	SIUITMNP221	Computer	1P per batch	1	25
			Oriented			
			Statistical			
			Techniques			
			Practical			
P (Practical) = 2 Hours per week						

Course Name: Computer Oriented Statistical Techniques

Credits: 3 Type: Theory

Expected Course Outcomes

- 1. Explain the use of central tendency measures of data.
- 2. Apply the concepts of standard deviation, range, quartiles to understand the dispersion of the given data.
- 3. Compose Hypothesis and perform Hypothesis testing and take statistical decisions.

Pre-requisites:	None	
Unit I	 The Mean, Median, Mode, and Other Measures of Central Tendency: Index, or Subscript, Notation, Summation Notation, Averages, or Measures of Central Tendency ,The Arithmetic Mean , The Weighted Arithmetic Mean ,Properties of the Arithmetic Mean ,The Arithmetic Mean Computed from Grouped Data ,The Median ,The Mode, The Empirical Relation Between the Mean, Median, and Mode, The Geometric Mean G, The Harmonic Mean H ,The Relation Between the Arithmetic, Geometric, and Harmonic Means, The Root Mean Square, Quartiles, Deciles, and Percentiles, Software and Measures of Central Tendency. The Standard Deviation and Other Measures of Dispersion: Dispersion, or Variation, The Range, The Mann Deviation The Sami Interconstitic Dances The 10 	15 Lectures
	Wear Deviation, The Senir Interquartile Range, The To-	

	 90 Percentile Range, The Standard Deviation, The Variance, Short Methods for Computing the Standard Deviation, Properties of the Standard Deviation, Sheppard's Correction for Variance, Empirical Relations Between Measures of Dispersion, Absolute and Relative Dispersion; Coefficient of Variation, Standardized Variable; Standard Scores, Software and Measures of Dispersion. Introduction to R: Basic syntax, data types, variables, operators, control statements, R-functions, R –Vectors, R – lists, R Arrays. 	
Unit II	 Moments, Skewness, and Kurtosis : Moments , Moments for Grouped Data, Relations Between Moments , Computation of Moments for Grouped Data, Charlie's Check and Sheppard's Corrections, Moments in Dimensionless Form, Skewness, Kurtosis, Population Moments, Skewness, and Kurtosis. Elementary Probability Theory: Definitions of Probability, Conditional Probability; Independent and Dependent Events, Mutually Exclusive Events, Mathematical Expectation, Relation Between Population, Sample Mean, and Variance, Combinations, Sterling's Approximation to n!. Elementary Sampling Theory: Sampling Theory, Random Samples and Random Numbers, Sampling With and Without Replacement, Sampling Distributions, Sampling Distribution of Means, Sampling Distribution of Proportions, Sampling Distributions of Differences and Sums, Software Demonstration of Elementary Sampling Theory 	15 Lectures
Unit III	 Statistical Estimation Theory: Estimation of Parameters, Unbiased Estimates, Efficient Estimates, Point Estimates and Interval Estimates, Their Reliability, Confidence Interval Estimates of Population Parameters, Probable Error. Statistical Decision Theory: Statistical Decisions, Statistical Hypotheses, Tests of Hypotheses and Significance, or Decision Rules, Type I and Type II Errors, Level of Significance, Tests Involving Normal Distributions, Two-Tailed and One-Tailed Tests, Special Tests, Operating- Characteristic Curves; the Power of a Test, p-Values for Hypotheses Tests Statistics in R: mean, median, mode, Normal Distribution, Binomial Distribution, Frequency Distribution in R. 	15 Lectures

Course Name: Computer Oriented Statistical Techniques Practical Credits: 1 Type : Practical

Expected Course Outcomes

On completion of this course, students will be able to

1.Apply measures of central tendencies to vectors, data frame and excel data using R 2.Set and Test Hypothesis and take statistical decisions.

Practical	Title
No.	
1	Mean, Median, Mode
2	Variance, Standard Deviation, Covariance, Correlation
3	Range, Quartile, Interquartile Range, Histogram
4	Skewness, Kurtosis
5	Hypothesis Testing
6	Normal and Binomial Distribution

References

- 1. Statistics, By Murray.R.Spiegel, Larry J. Stephens, Published by McGraw –Hill International, 4th Edition.
- Fundamental of Mathematical Statistics, By S.C. Gupta and V.K. Kapoor, Published By Sultan Chand and Sons, 11th Edition, 2011

I) Continuous Internal Evaluation (25 Marks)	
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II) Theory Examination (50 Marks)	
Semester End Examination based on entire syllabus	50 Marks
III) Practical Examination (25 Marks)	
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Viva Voce	5 marks
Practical exam	15 marks